

Sacred Heart University DigitalCommons@SHU

English Faculty Publications

Languages and Literatures

11-2013

Integrating Interactive Technology to Promote Learner Autonomy: Challenges and Rewards

Marie A. Hulme
Sacred Heart University, hulmem@sacredheart.edu

Jaya Kannan
Sacred Heart University, kannanj@sacredheart.edu

María Lizano-DiMare Sacred Heart University, lizanom@sacredheart.edu

Pilar Munday
Sacred Heart University, mundayp@sacredheart.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.sacredheart.edu/eng_fac

Part of the Educational Methods Commons, Social Media Commons, and the Teacher Education and Professional Development Commons

Recommended Citation

Hulme, Marie et al. "Integrating Interactive Technology to Promote Learner Autonomy: Challenges and Rewards." Sloan-C 19th Annual Sloan Consortium – International Conference on Online Learning November 2013, Lake Buena Vista FL, The Conference, 2013. ISBN 9781934505175 (online)

This Conference Proceeding is brought to you for free and open access by the Languages and Literatures at DigitalCommons@SHU. It has been accepted for inclusion in English Faculty Publications by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@SHU. For more information, please contact santoro-dillond@sacredheart.edu.

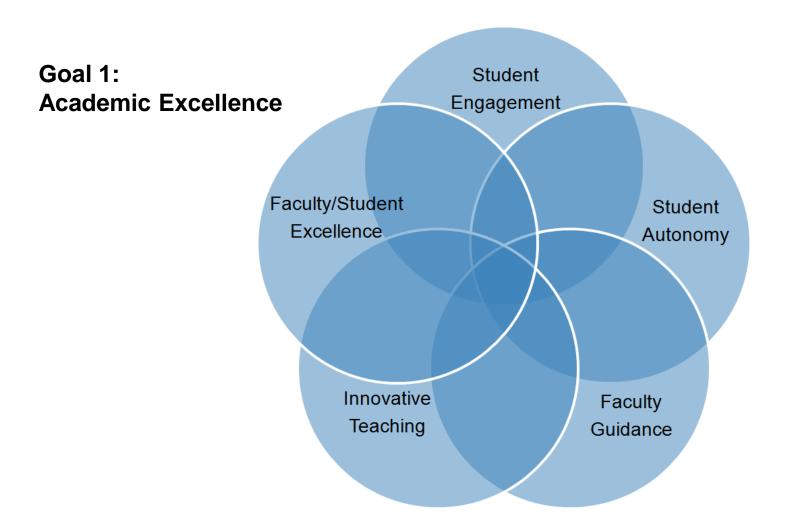
Integrating Interactive Technology to Promote Learner Autonomy: Challenges and Rewards

Marie Hulme, M.A., M.A.T., – Director, SHUsquare Jaya Kannan, Ph.D. – Director, Digital Learning



María Lizano DiMare, Ed.D. – Associate Professor, College of Education Pilar Munday, Ph.D. – Associate Professor, College of Arts and Sciences

SHU Strategic Plan



Challenges of Teacher Preparation Programs

In the context of digital learning:

- Educational technology skills of faculty and pre-service teacher candidates
- K-12 curriculum expectations regarding educational technology
- Educational technology in the ever-changing world

Challenges of Teacher Preparation Programs

- 66% of principals would like new teachers to create/use video, podcasts; 44% of aspiring teachers say they are learning this skill.
- 45% of principals want new teachers to incorporate studentowned mobile devices into lessons; 19% of aspiring teachers say they know how to do this.
- 45 % of principals want new teachers to use social media in their instruction; 25% of aspiring teachers know how to do this.
- 25 % of principals want new teachers to teach online; less than 10 % of pre-service teachers are learning this skill.
 - Source: Survey Data by © 2013 Project Tomorrow®

Issue

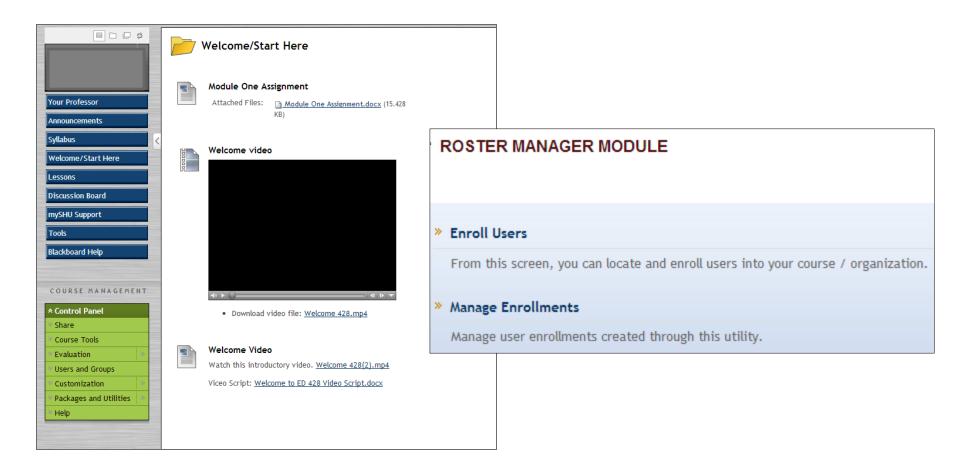
Increase faculty educational technology skills

Connectivist Learning Principles

- Learning and knowledge rest in diversity of opinions
- Learning is a process of connecting specialized nodes or information resources
- Learning is relevant to the learner/faculty

Strategies

- Digital Learning College Initiative
 - Incentives for faculty
 - Peer to peer digital faculty mentoring
 - Faculty prior knowledge
 - Environment for experimentation and creation
 - ❖ Application of knowledge from multiple fields
 - Knowledge sharing



Issue

Increase pre-service teacher candidates Ed-Tech skills

Connectivist Learning Principle

- The development of connections among fields is a core skill
- Learning is a social and interactive process in which networking and sharing ideas among individuals is essential for knowledge construction

Strategies

- Provide myriad of courses in which pre-service teachers use and integrate educational technology skills
- Develop authentic K-12 materials based on the use of a technology
- Address multiple modalities of learning through the use of online and digital tools
- Provide opportunities for pre-service teacher research



Mobile Technology Magazine

ADDRESSING THE NEEDS OF EDUCATORS INTERESTED IN MOBILE TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION.

Products News

Key Words: Teacher's Best Graphing Tool

Product Name: OmniGraphSketcher

Company: The Omni Group

Price: \$14.99

URL: http://www.omnigroup.com/products/

omnigraphsketcher-ipad/

Product Description: With this product you can create your own graphs within seconds. Teachers can create different graphs, and not take minutes or hours to create one. It is perfect for science teachers especially when the students are working with experiments and creating their own graphs. The teacher can put everyone's data on one graph for all to see. You can import data from anywhere to create wonderful graphs to use. You can shade areas of graphs, create labels, graph titles, lines,



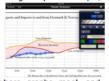
curves, and even make the lines and shading different colors. You can even import your data from other Apple Products, like Numbers®. You can save your

graphs, share them over email, or even print them to a PDF to share with your students. The app is easy to use, requires only 6.9MB of storage, and support is on the website listed above under URL. Any questions or concerns can be answered through the same website.

System Requirements: you need to have an iPad or iPad 2 for this device to work. It will not work with an iPhone, iPod, or iPod Touch. The program also requires iOS 4 or later software

Classroom Integration Ideas: This product could be used in all grades, especially in middle school and high school. In math, there are a lot of graphs and equations that students can graph. When students are working with parallel lines, they all can create their own version of a line. Then, all lines can be shown on a graph to show the students how many possibilities there are. The same can be done with perpendicular lines. Also, when wanting to explain concepts,

like shading, what a parabola is, or anything else, you can use the product to show students what the concepts are. You can even draw on it to show

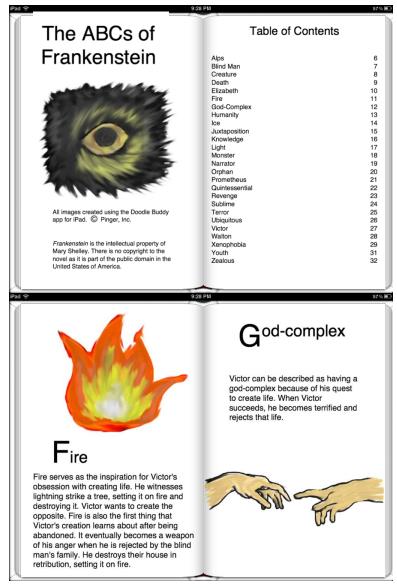


slope, intercepts, where graphs meet, and more. After creating graphs, you, as a teacher, can print off the graphs and place them on your classroom walls. This way students can see their work on display and refer back to the information when they need to.

Reviewer Team: Student 1

All pictures were taken by the reviewer on their computer using the print screen key.

February 14, 2012



Written and Illustrated by: Ms.



Issue

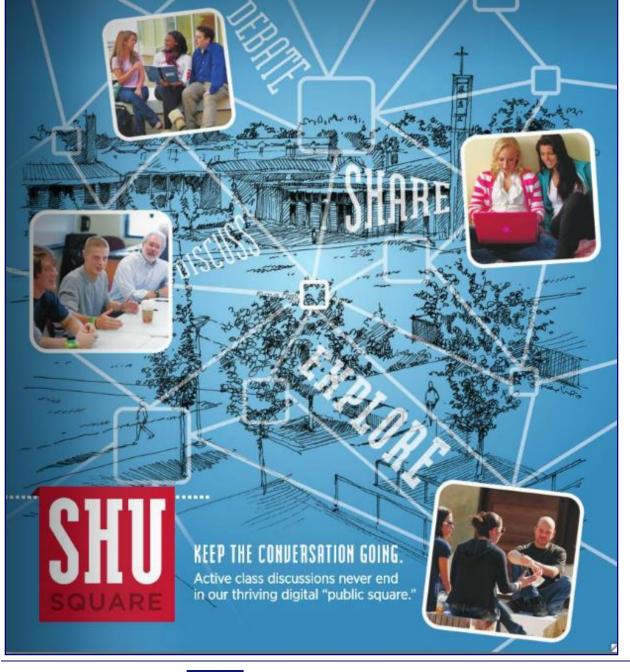
Ever changing nature of educational technology

Connectivist Learning Principle

 Knowledge base changes rapidly the intent of the connectivist learning activities is for the learners to be up-to-date

Strategies

- Interactions among faculty from various departments and universities
- Belong to a network of learners
- Reusable tools and assessments
- Time management



A
Networked
Community
of Learners

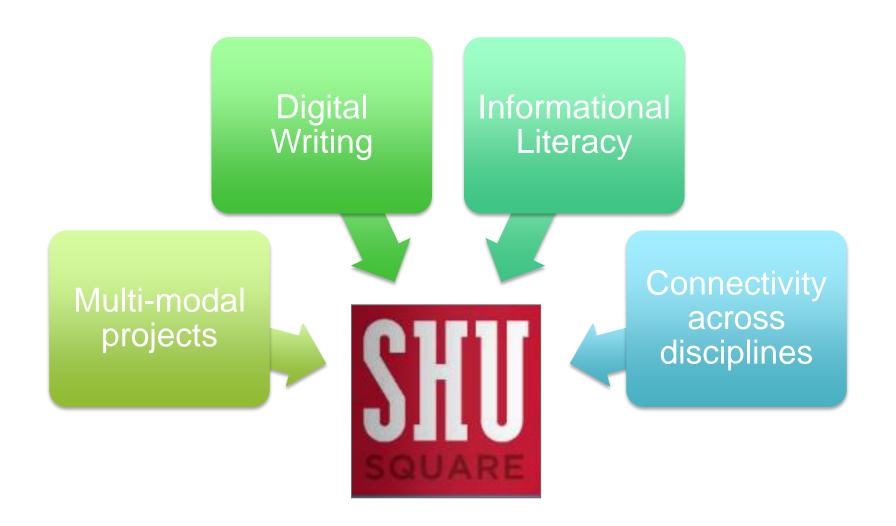


Richmond, a member of the American Sports Stories seminar, has enjoyed her SHUsquare experience. "It's a great opportunity to continue the discussion started in class with the dean and with other students. You get viewpoints that you wouldn't hear just in class," she said. "It's a chance to continue learning even after class ends. We start the discussion in the seminar, but then we continue with a wider audience on SHUsquare."



"Tools that enable a rich interaction between different communities, such as interdisciplinary discussions across seminars, are essential to cultivate curiosity, reflection and collaboration."

What it Does



How it Works

SHUsquare

Home What's Trending Seminars Hubs The Art of Thinking Deans' Blogs

Student Spotlight Teaching and Learning



URL: http://shusquare.sacredheart.edu



Transformational v. Informational Learning

- Connection
- Collaboration
- Creativity
- Integrated/interdisciplinary learning
- Relevancy to students' world and to global community
- SHUsquare Video:

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=02o6KZ_MuQ4

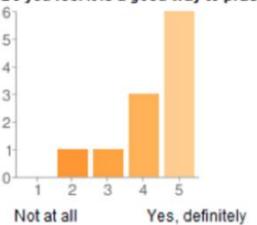


- → Read authentic language
- → Practice writing
- → Observe culture
- → Follow their interests



Tweets semanales - Otoño 2013 Recuerden que tienen que escribir al menos 10 tweets, incluyendo un @reply y un RT a la * Required Students are Apellido ' asked to Nombre ' "introspect" on ¿Cuántos tweets escribió esta semana? their learning ¿Con quién conversó? * (Con quién usó un @reply) through a weekly form H ¿A quién Retuiteó? ¿Por qué? * Based on: Thanasoulas, Dimitrios. can it be fostered." The Internet ¿Aprendió nuevo algo de español esta semana?¿Practicó el vocabulario aprendido en clase? De un ejemplo TESL Journal 6.11 (2000): 1-12.





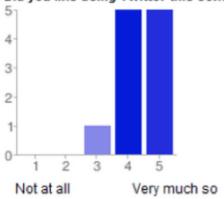


Because just memorizing words isn't enough, applying them to real parts of your day helps the words to stick in your head forever, not just for a quiz.

Twitter is something that **relates to our life** since it is similar to other **social networking sites** and it was **easy** to use.

I was able to see the different ways vocabulary words were used and seeing it from someone else's perspective and not just mine was very helpful.





Why?

I liked twitter because it allows you to incorporate Spanish in your every day life. It is easy to manage and really does help with your Spanish and using the vocabulary from the class.

I like it because it was a way to **continue thinking in spanish** outside of the classroom.

Instead of only talking in spanish for 2 1/2 hours a day, it was continued throughout the week

I enjoyed Twitter because it was an **easy way to contact** my classmates and the professor. It also allowed me to practice my Spanish outside of the classroom and with my classmates. Twitter was also easy to use and I **recommend it for other Spanish classes** or just regular classes so that they can contact one another.

Autonomy is about removing the barriers between learning and "the rest of living"

Little, D. (1991). Learner autonomy: Definitions, issues and problems. Dublin: Authentik

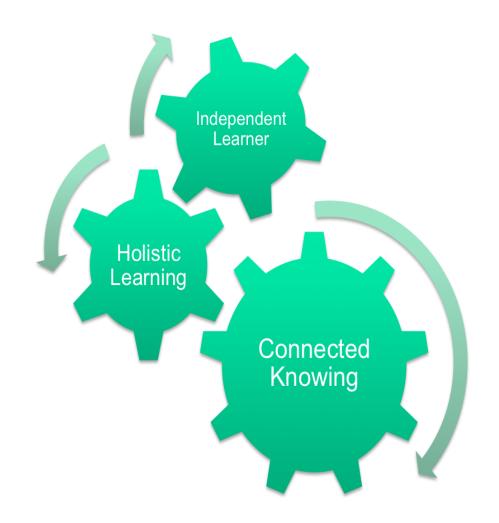
Photo:

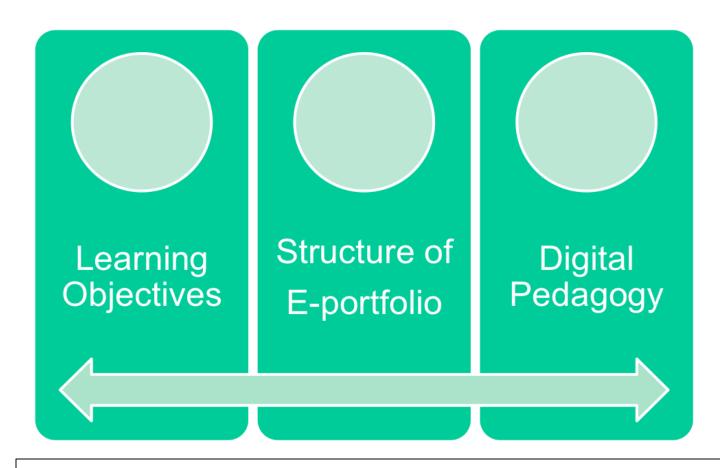
http://www.flickr.com/photos/ilse/3389565299



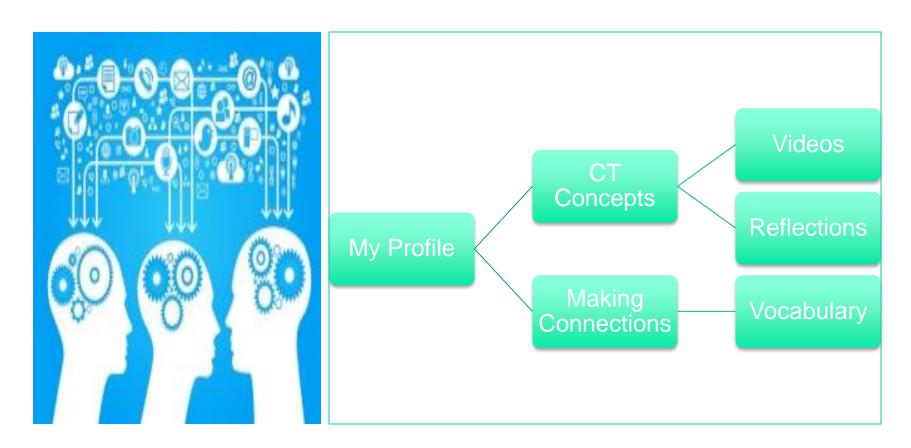
SHU Strategic Plan

structured, mission-"a driven student development plan that intentionally educates the whole person within a campus-wide living and learning community is seamlessly and а integrated extension classroom learning."





Art of Thinking: Developing Habits of Learning



The Self as a Detached Observer, Connected Knower



My Profile

CT Concepts

Reflections

Making Connections Video Journal

Vocabulary

Cognitive Bias

Link to the article

http://campaignstops.blogs.nytimes.com/2012/10/01/ordinary-lies-damn-lies-and-the-debates/?ref=opinion

I believe that this article is very relevant due to the time of year. Every four years, we are granted the opportunity to vote for who we would like to be our president (of course only if we are 18). This year especially is very important in politics due to the fact that we are in the midst of a recession. The presidential election is always surrounded with controversy. Each candidate has a strategic plan in order to bash the character of the other. The conclusion that I found in this article is when Adam Clymer says, "In a campaign that features some of the most dishonest television ads in history, President Obama and Mitt Romney have been more circumspect about what comes out of their mouths than what is shown before or after they identify themselves and say "and I approve this message." " He says this because he believes, just like many others, that they are constantly lying and that they are not up to date with their facts. I believe that this article shows a belief bias. I think this because the conclusion is highly believable. In today's society, we find ourselves second guessing everything that comes out of politicians mouths because there have been so many scandals. This is very believable because they want to win the presidency so they will do anything to achieve this goal.

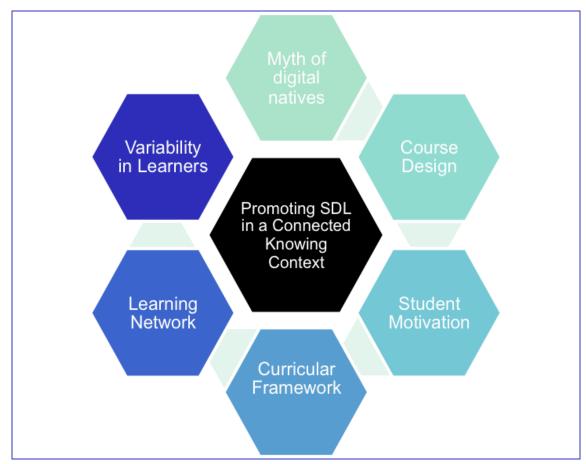






Copyright image, thanks to http://us.123rf.com/

the File Drawer Effect



References

- Antenos-Conforti, E. (2009). Chapter 4 Microblogging on Twitter: Social networking in intermediate Italian classes. (A. Lord & L. Lomicka, Eds.) *The next generation social networking and online collaboration in foreign language learning*. CALICO. 59-90.
- Candy, P. C. (2004). *Linking thinking: self- directed learning in the digital age.* Australia, Department of Education, Science and Training (DEST). Retrieved from http://www.voced.edu.au/docs/dest/TD_AG_80_02.pdf
- Jarche, H. (2013). *Personal knowledge management*. Retrived from http://www.jarche.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/03/PKM-2013.pdf
- Kop, R. (2011). The challenges to connectivist learning an open online networks: learning experiences during a massive open online course. *The International Review of Research in Open and Distance Learning*, 12(3).
- Kop, R., & Hill, A. (2008). Connectivism: Learning theory of the future or vestige of the past? The International Review of Research in Open and Distance Learning, 9(3).
- Little, D. (1991). Learner autonomy. 1. Definitions, issues and problems. Dublin:

References

- Oxford, R. L. (2003). Toward a more systematic model of L2 learner autonomy. In D. Palfreyman & R. C. Smith (Eds.), *Learner autonomy across cultures: Language education perspectives*, 75-91. Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Partnership for 21st Century Skills. (2013). *Framework for 21st century learning*. Retrieved from http://www.p21.org/overview/skills-framework
- Pierce, D. (2013, February 7th). Aspiring teachers ill-prepared to use ed tech effectively. Teacher preparation programs aren't meeting the expectations of K-12 principals, a new report suggests. eSchool News. Retrieved from http://www.eschoolnews.com/2013/02/07/aspiring-teachers-ill-prepared-to-use-ed-tech-effectively/?ps=118746-0013000000j0TKX-0033000000q5ntC
- Sacred Heart University. (2013). *Strategic plan 2011-2016*. Retrieved from http://www.sacredheart.edu/aboutshu/universitystrategicplan/
- Siemens, G. (2005). Connectivism: A learning theory for the digital age. *International Journal of Instructional Technology and Distance Learning, 2*(1). Retrieved from http://www.itdl.org/Journal/Jan_05/article01.htm
- Thanasoulas, D. (2000). "What is learner autonomy and how can it be fostered". *The Internet TESL Journal*, 6(11),1-12.

Marie Hulme



Marie Hulme is the developer and Director of the virtual public square project, SHUsquare, as well as an instructor of English, at the College of Arts & Sciences, English Department, Sacred Heart University.

She has a B.A. In English from Smith College, an M.A in English and American Literature from N.Y.U., a Master's in the Art of Teaching from SHU, and is currently pursuing her MFA in Creative Writing at Fairfield University. Previously she worked as a journalist for ABC News in London. Her non-fiction work has won national recognition and she is currently at work on her first novel.

Email: <u>hulmem@sacredheart.edu</u>

Jaya Kannan



Jaya Kannan is the Director of Digital Learning at Sacred Heart University. She has a PhD in Computer Assisted Language Learning and more than 15 years of international teaching and research experience in the higher education setting.

In addition to managing a five year Title V federal grant, she has administrative experience running Teaching and Learning Centers. Her recent research interests involve the study of self-directed learning and the role of affect in the digital learning environment.

Email: kannanj@sacredheart.edu

María Lizano DiMare



- María Lizano DiMare, Ed.D., is Associate Professor of Educational Technology at the Isabelle Farrington College of Education, Sacred Heart University.
- Dr. Lizano DiMare's research interests include the use of emerging technologies in education, digital learning, global education, the development of university-community initiatives, and the infusion of languages within the curriculum.
- She has worked in Latin America integrating educational technology programs in public and private educational sectors. She is fluent in English, French, and Spanish; and also has working skills in German and Italian.

Email: lizanom@sacredheart.edu

Pilar Munday



Pilar Munday, Ph.D., is Associate Professor of Spanish at the College of Arts & Sciences, Spanish Program, Foreign Languages and Culture, Sacred Heart University.

Her research interests include the use of technology in the teaching of foreign languages, project based learning and the integration of culture in the classroom.

Email: mundayp@sacredheart.edu